

Title	Functional properties of exopolysaccharide (EPS) extract from <i>Lactobacillus fermentum</i> Lf2 and its impact when combined with <i>Bifidobacterium animalis</i> INL1 in yoghurt
Authors	Ale, Elisa C.;Bourin, Maxence J. B.;Peralta, Guillermo Hugo;Burns, Patricia Graciela;Ávila, Olga Beatriz;Contini, Liliana;Reinheimer, Jorge;Binetti, Ana Griselda
Publication date	2019-05-07
Original Citation	Ale, E. C., Bourin, M. J. B., Peralta, G. H., Burns, P. G., Ávila, O. B., Contini, L. and Binetti, A. G. (2019) 'Functional properties of exopolysaccharide (EPS) extract from <i>Lactobacillus fermentum</i> Lf2 and its impact when combined with <i>Bifidobacterium animalis</i> INL1 in yoghurt', <i>International Dairy Journal</i> . doi: 10.1016/j.idairyj.2019.04.014
Type of publication	Article (peer-reviewed)
Link to publisher's version	10.1016/j.idairyj.2019.04.014
Rights	© 2019, Elsevier B.V. All rights reserved. This manuscript version is made available under the CC BY-NC-ND 4.0 license. - https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-nd/4.0/
Download date	2024-05-03 06:15:01
Item downloaded from	https://hdl.handle.net/10468/7897



UCC

University College Cork, Ireland
 Coláiste na hOllscoile Corcaigh

Table S1 - Primers and conditions used for the determinations of several bacterial groups in faeces by qPCR. Ef: Efficiency obtained for each pair of primers.

[illegible]

References:

- Bartosch, S., Fite, A., Macfarlane, G. T., & McMurdo, M. E. T. (2004). Characterization of bacterial communities in feces from healthy elderly volunteers and hospitalized elderly patients by using real-time PCR and effects of antibiotic treatment on the fecal microbiota. *Applied and Environmental Microbiology*, 70(6), 3575-3581.
- Echarri, P. P., Graciá, C. M., Berrueto, G. R., Vives, I., Ballesta, M., Solís, G., Morillas, I. V., Reyes-Gavilán, C., Margolles, A., & Gueimonde, M. (2011). Assessment of intestinal microbiota of full-term breast-fed infants from two different geographical locations. *Early Human Development*, 87(7), 511-513.
- Gueimonde, M., Debor, L., Tölkö, S., Jokisalo, E., & Salminen, S. (2006). Quantitative assessment of faecal bifidobacterial populations by real-time PCR using lanthanide probes. *Journal of Applied Microbiology*, 102(4), 1116-1122.
- Gueimonde, M., Tolkko, S., & Korpimäki, T. (2004). New real-time quantitative PCR procedure for quantification of bifidobacteria in human fecal samples. *Applied and Environmental Microbiology*, 70(7), 4165-4169.
- Kullen, M. J., Sanozky-Dawes, R. B., Crowell, D. C., & Klaenhammer, T. R. (2000). Use of the DNA sequence of variable regions of the 16S rRNA gene for rapid and accurate identification of bacteria in the *Lactobacillus acidophilus* complex. *Journal of Applied Microbiology*, 89(3), 511-516.
- Matsuda, K., Tsuji, H., Asahara, T., Kado, Y., & Nomoto, K. (2007). Sensitive quantitative detection of commensal bacteria by rRNA-targeted reverse transcription-PCR. *Applied and Environmental Microbiology*, 73(1), 32-39.
- Matsuki, T., Watanabe, K., Fujimoto, J., Miyamoto, Y., Takada, T., Matsumoto, K., Oyaizu, H., & Tanaka, R. (2002). Development of 16S rRNA-gene-targeted group-specific primers for the detection and identification of predominant bacteria in human feces. *Applied and Environmental Microbiology*, 68(11), 5445-51.
- Matsuki, T., Watanabe, K., Fujimoto, J., Takada, T., & Tanaka, R. (2004). Use of 16S rRNA gene-targeted group-specific primers for real-time PCR analysis of predominant bacteria in human feces. *Applied and Environmental Microbiology*, 70(12), 7220-7228.
- Picard, F. J., Ke, D., Boudreau, D. K., Boissinot, M., Huletsky, A., Richard, D., Ouellette, M., Roy, P. H., & Bergeron, M. G. (2004). Use of tuf sequences for genus-specific PCR detection and phylogenetic analysis of 28 streptococcal species. *Journal of Clinical Microbiology*, 42(8), 3686-3695.
- Rinne, M. M., Gueimonde, M., Kalliomäki, M., Hoppu, U., Salminen, S. J., & Isolauri, E. (2005). Similar bifidogenic effects of prebiotic-supplemented partially hydrolyzed infant formula and breastfeeding on infant gut microbiota. *FEMS Immunology & Medical Microbiology*, 43(1), 59-65.