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A descriptive analysis of service-users attending an outpatient treatment centre during 2007 - 2010

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Background:

- More than a quarter (27.3%) of 15-24 year-olds in Ireland experimented with illegal substances in their lives¹.
- Nearly 1-in-12 (8.2%) drug treatment cases was to a service-user under 18 years of age².
- Approximately 1-in-7 (14.8%) deaths due to drugs occurred in under-25s³.
- Matt Talbot Services (MTS) is a day treatment service for young substance-users within Cork/Kerry area of Ireland.
- They provide a specialised, individualised counselling service for 14 – 23 year olds, and an after-care service to reduce the incidence of relapse.
- This exploratory work will serve as a base for future pharmaceutical care interventions and research on adolescent use of illegal and prescription substances.

Aims:

The aims were as follows:

1. Analyse demographic information on service-users attending MTS between 2007 and 2010.
2. Describe the type and nature of substance use among service-users.
3. Perform inferential statistics to detect patterns in service-user behaviour.

Method:

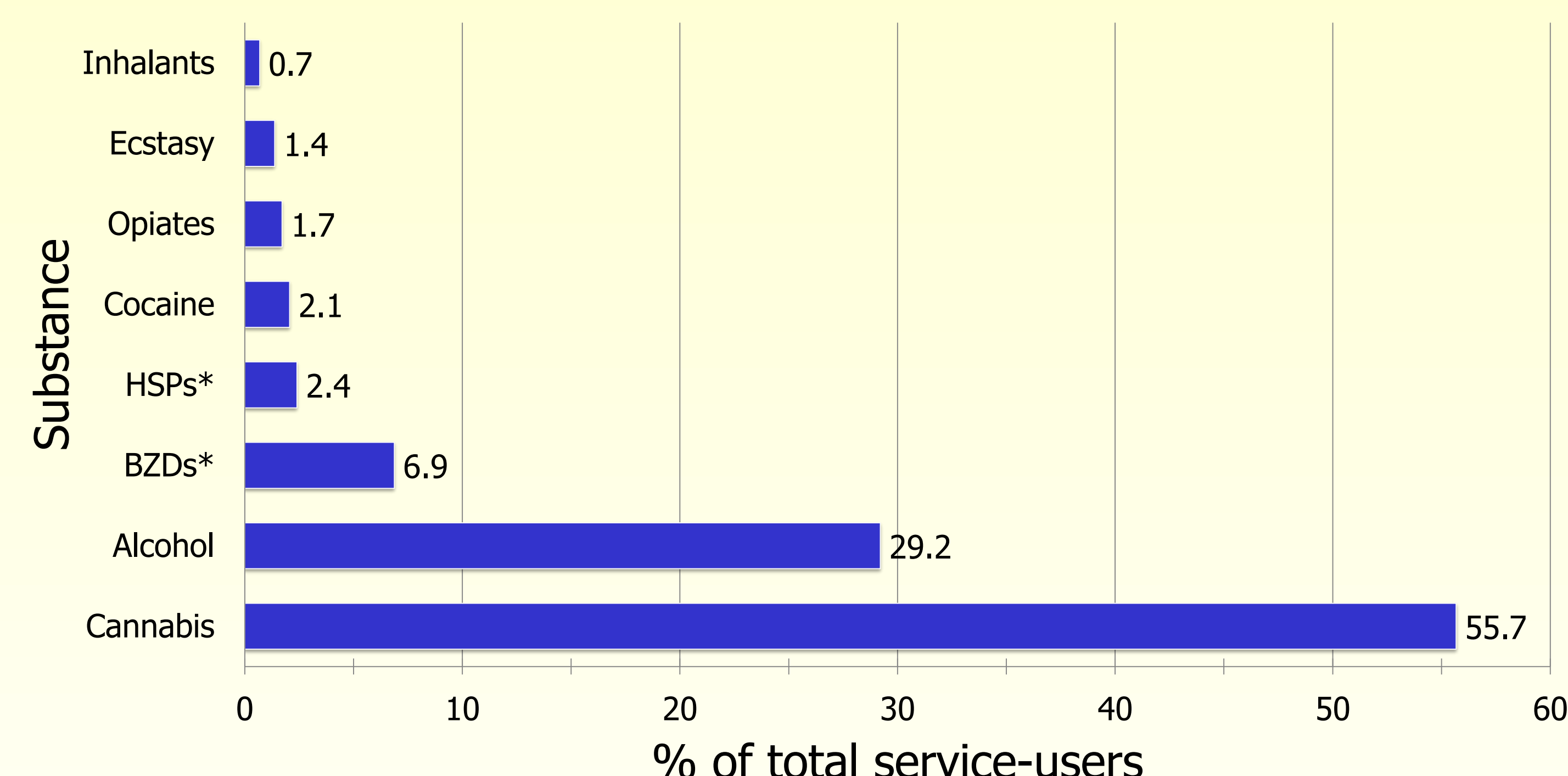
- Data from the records of entrants to the service between 2007 and 2010 (n=291) was collected and included:
 - Demographic data
 - Educational and employment history
 - Substance use history
 - Treatment details
- Data was analysed using Predictive Analytics SoftWare Statistics (PASW; SPSS Inc. Chicago, Ill.) version 18.0.
- Descriptive analysis was performed on the data. Inferential tests measuring for association were also performed.

Results:

Results of the analysis of service-user demographics and substance history can be seen in Table 1, and Figures 1 and 2.

Table 1. Demographics of service-users (n=291)

Service-user Demographics	Number of service-users (%)
Male	276 (94.8%)
Age mean $\pm$ SD (years)	16.7 $\pm$ 2.05
Irish nationality	281 (96.6%)
Living with parents/family	249 (85.6%)
Living in an urban area	142 (48.8%)
Student	102 (35.1%)



*BZDs - Benzodiazepines, HSDs - Head Shop Products

Figure 1. Primary substance of abuse

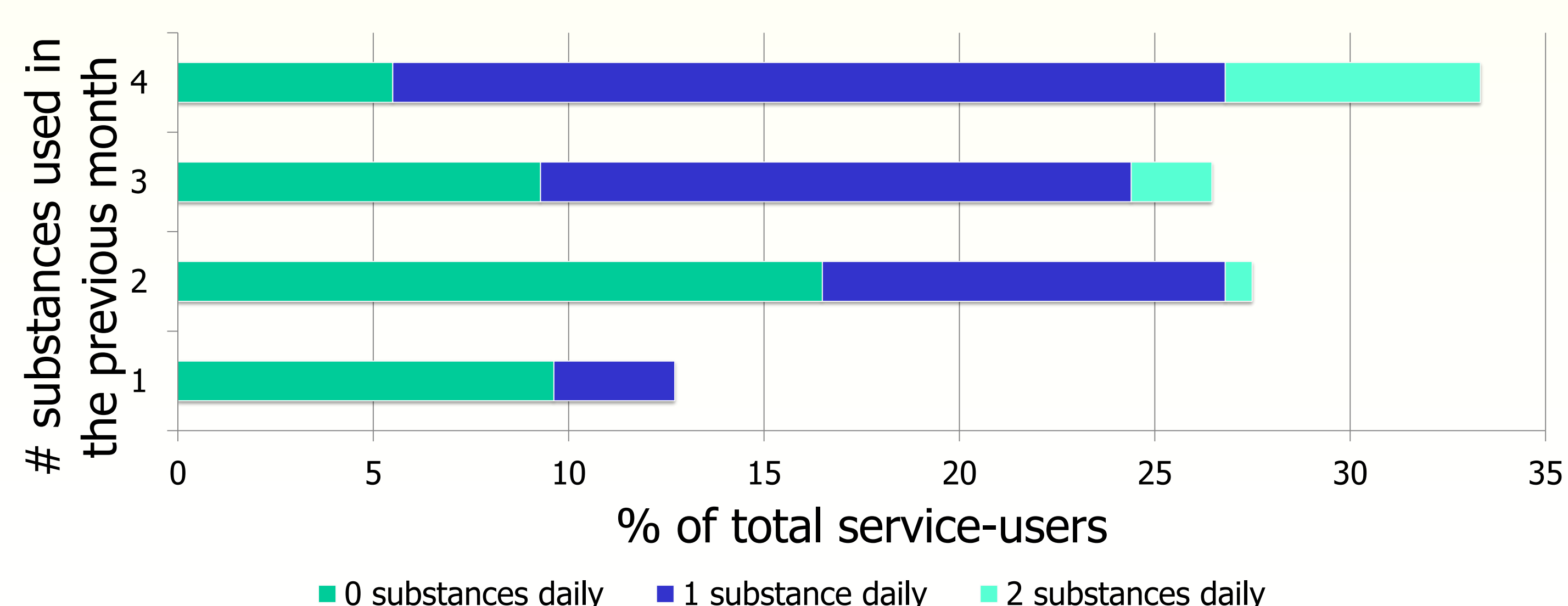


Figure 2. Polysubstance use among service-users

- Those who first experimented before 13 years of age were 1.4 times more likely to be daily users (p=0.033)
- Greater number of substances used monthly by urban dwellers (p=0.004) and early school-leavers (p=0.018)
- Those who first experimented before 13 years of age were 3.9 times more likely to have used benzodiazepines in the previous month (p=0.003)

Conclusions:

- Substance use by adolescents in the Cork/Kerry area is a serious issue.
- Pharmacists possess the ideal background and knowledge to develop interventions which will form part of a substance withdrawal algorithm in the wider challenge of service-user rehabilitation.
- Recognition of the problem and establishing the level of substance use is the first step towards meaningful resolution which will require all stakeholders' input.

Limitations:

- Tobacco use was not surveyed; it is often the 1st substance to be experimented with⁴.
- Study was based on self-reported data; patients may not remember details of past use accurately.

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