

Title	Short-term consumption of a high-fat diet increases host susceptibility to Listeria monocytogenes infection
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Supplemental data, Las Heras et al Fig S3.

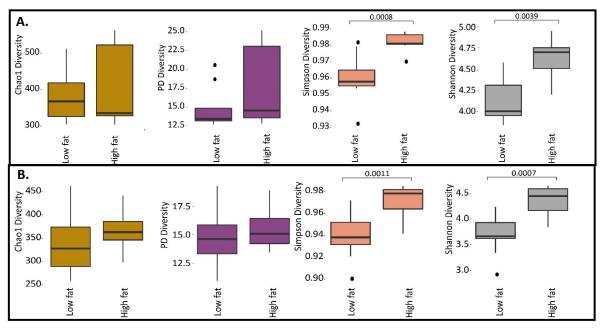


Figure S3. Assessment of diversity within the sample (Alpha diversity) in the groups fed high-fat or low-fat diets. Chao1 as a measurement of sample coverage. PD (phylogenetic diversity) used to consider affiliation between taxa within diversity. Simpson and Shannon used as an estimation of richness and evenness respectively. A. Changes in intestinal microbiota communities caused by short-term increased dietary fat (D0 to D13). B. Changes in intestinal microbiota communities upon infection with *L. monocytogenes*, modulated by short-term increased dietary fat (D13 to D16).