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Supplement of

A structure design method for compliant parallel manipulators with actuation isolation

Guangbo Hao and Xianwen Kong

Correspondence to: Guangbo Hao (g.hao@ucc.ie)

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Supplemental material: A 6-DOF CPM case with actuation isolation and its derived lower-DOF CPM

A 6-DOF CPM with actuation isolation (Fig. S.1(a)) can be proposed using the proposed actuation-leg addition method where the original compliant mechanism is a 0-DOC (6-DOF) mechanism (free rigid body). It is composed of six legs, each of which consists of a 1-DOF translational/prismatic joint and a 5-DOF wire beam with its axis along with the direction of the translational joint. For practical manufacturing reasons, the six wire beams arranged in three pairs along three orthogonal directionsce

In an *n*-DOF rigid-link parallel mechanism, we can obtain its derived mechanisms with DOF less than *n* by imposing certain constraints, such as locking joints [S.1], on the mechanisms. By locking one or more translational joints or replacing one or more pair(s) of translational joints along the same direction with one translational jointalongthesame direction to connect to the associated pair of wire beams, we can obtain a number of derived 1 to 5 DOF CPMs with actuation is olation as elaborated in Figs. S.1(b)-S.1(q). As pointed out in [S.2], the use of 2T1R or a like may not represent the motion rigorously in some cases. The notation is still used in this paper considering it is still in common use in CPMs.

For example, the 3-DOF 3T CPM with actuation isolation shown in Fig. S.1(k) can be obtained from the 6-DOF CPM in Fig. S.1(a) by replacing each pair of two translational joints along the same direction by one translational joint connected to the associated pair of parallel wire beams. Figure S.2(a) shows a more detailed design of this CPM, where each actuated T joint uses the proposed joint in [S.3]. The FEA motion demonstrations for the translations along the X-, Y-, and Z-axes are shown in Figs. S.2(b), S.2(c), and S.2(d), respectively. It can be seen that one actuation along one axis does not produce transverse motions of another two linear actuators due to the guiding of translational joints and the decoupling from wire beams.

References

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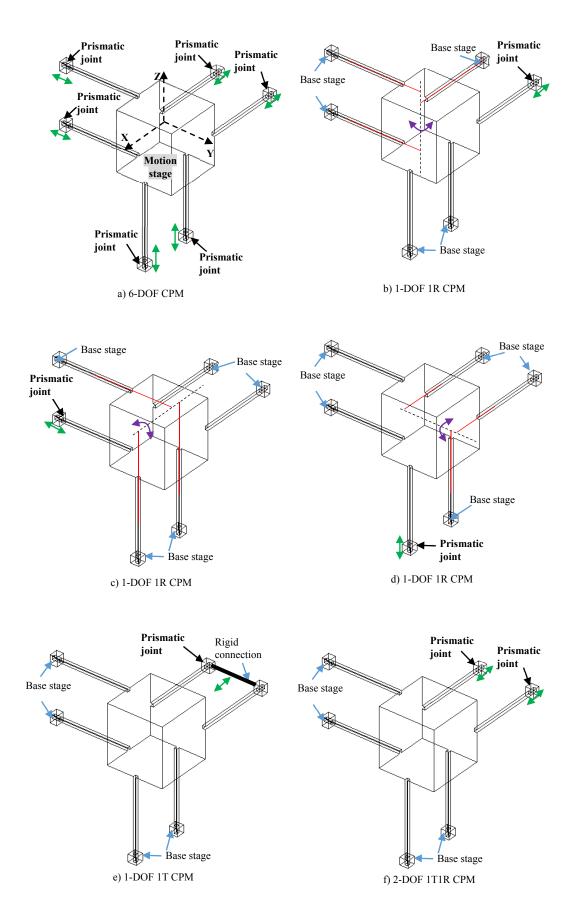


Figure S.1: A 6-DOF CPMs with actuation isolation and its derived CPMs (Continued)

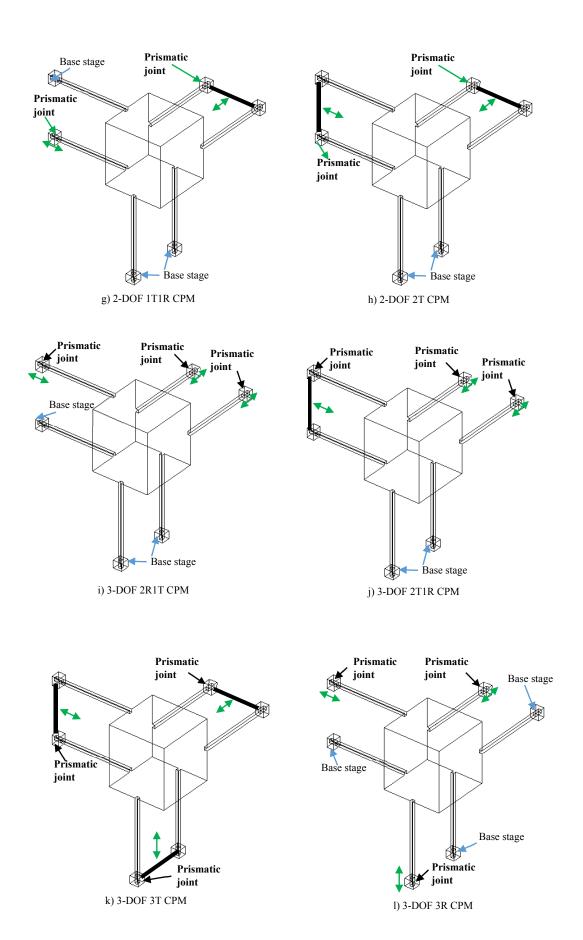


Figure S.1: A 6-DOF CPMs with actuation isolation and its derived CPMs (Continued)

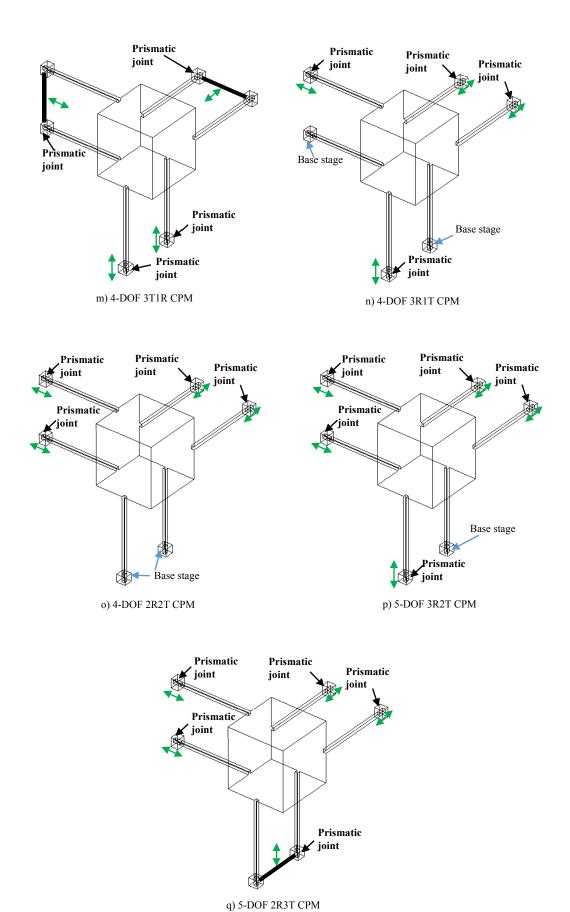
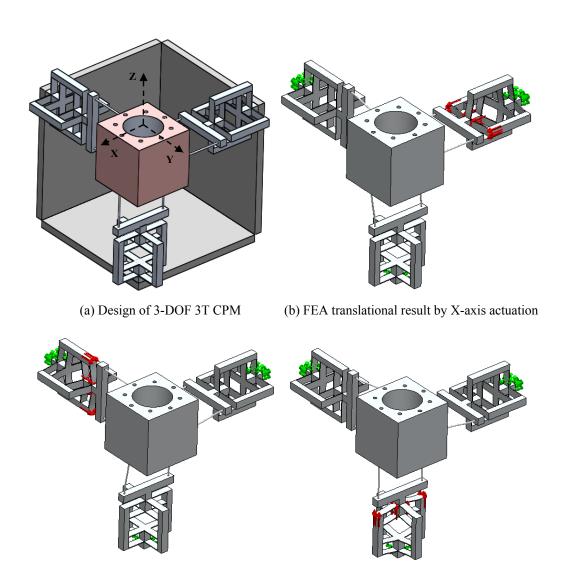


Figure S.1: A 6-DOF CPMs with actuation isolation and its derived CPMs



(c) FEA translational result by Y-axis actuation (d) FEA translational result by Z-axis actuation

Figure S.2: Derived 3-DOF 3T CPM with actuation isolation (Fig. S.1(k))