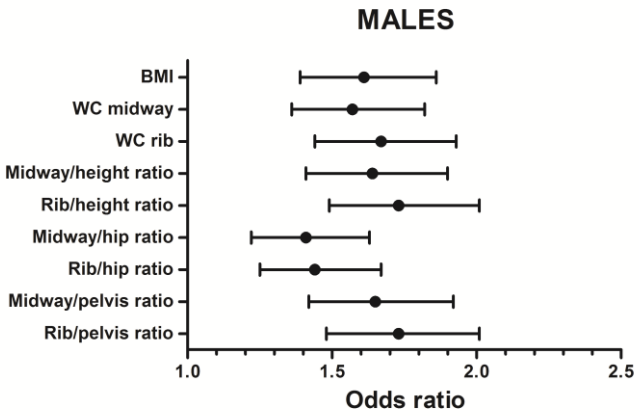
CORA Cork Open Research Archive
Cartlann Taighde Oscailte Chorcaí

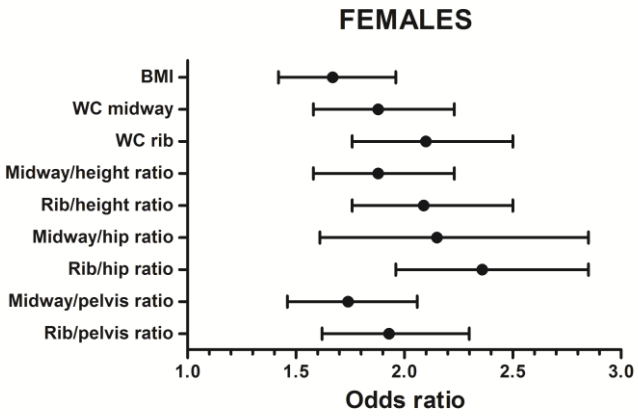
Title	Optimal central obesity measurement site for assessing cardiometabolic and type 2 diabetes risk in middle-aged adults
Authors	Millar, Seán R.;Perry, Ivan J.;Van den Broeck, Jan;Phillips, Catherine M.
Publication date	2015
Original Citation	Millar SR, Perry IJ, Broeck JVd, Phillips CM (2015) Optimal Central Obesity Measurement Site for Assessing Cardiometabolic and Type 2 Diabetes Risk in Middle-Aged Adults. PLoS ONE 10(6): e0129088. doi:10.1371/journal.pone.0129088
Type of publication	Article (peer-reviewed)
Link to publisher's version	10.1371/journal.pone.0129088
Rights	© 2015 Millar et al. This is an open access article distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution License, which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author and source are credited - http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/
Download date	2026-11-06 18:44:19
Item downloaded from	https://hdl.handle.net/10468/2307

UCC
University College Cork, Ireland
Coláiste na hOllscoile Corcaigh

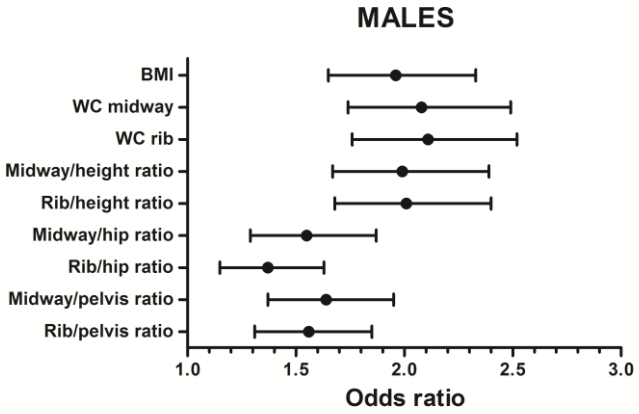
S1 Figs. Odds ratios (95% CI) of having non-optimal cardiometabolic risk features for a one standard deviation increase in each obesity measure.

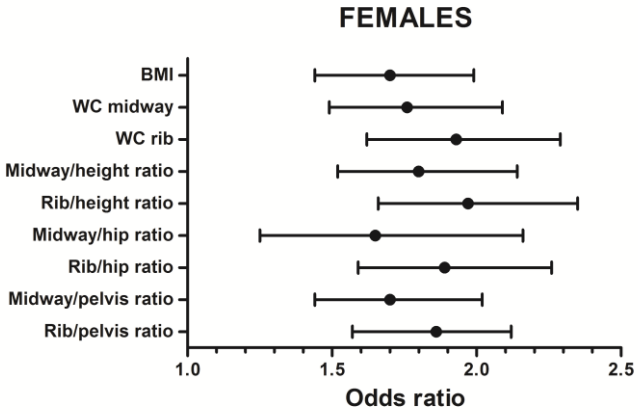
HIGH TRIGLYCERIDES



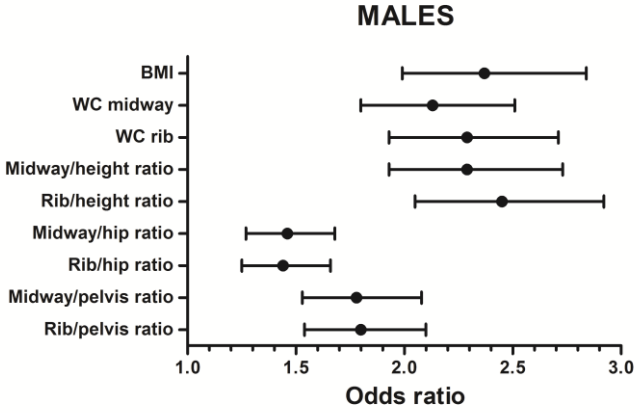


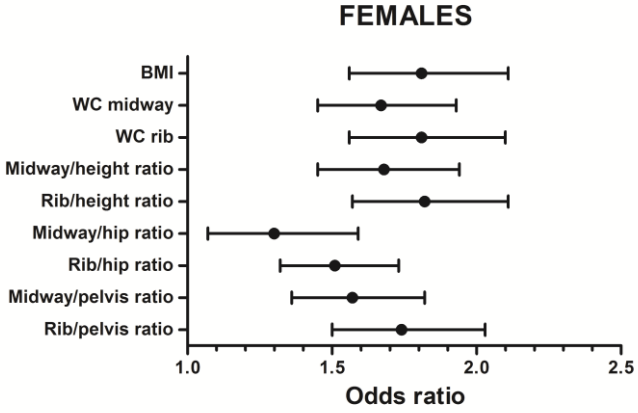
LOW HDL-C



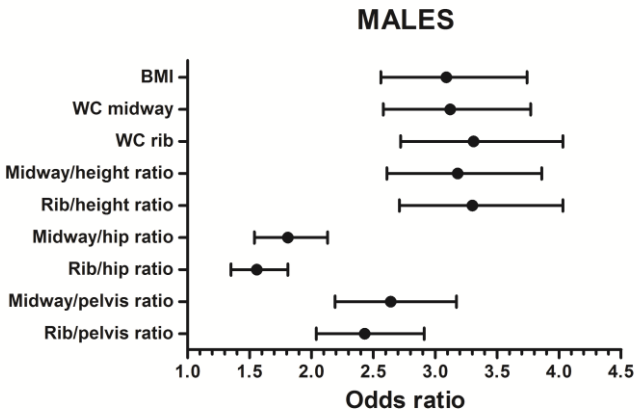


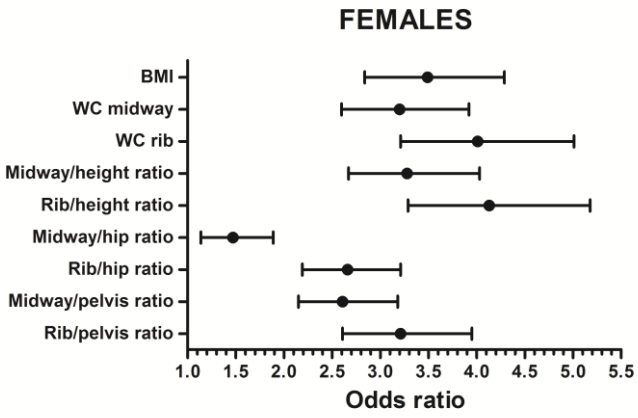
HIGH BLOOD PRESSURE





INSULIN RESISTANCE





IMPAIRED FASTING GLUCOSE

