

Title	A profusion of upstream open reading frame mechanisms in polyamine-responsive translational regulation
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Publication date	2010
Original Citation	Ivanov, I. P., Atkins, J. F. and Michael, A. J. (2010) 'A profusion of upstream open reading frame mechanisms in polyamine-responsive translational regulation', Nucleic Acids Research, 38(2), pp. 353-359. doi: 10.1093/nar/gkp1037
Type of publication	Article (peer-reviewed)
Link to publisher's version	https://academic.oup.com/nar/article-lookup/doi/10.1093/nar/gkp1037 - 10.1093/nar/gkp1037
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Download date	2024-04-30 22:13:42
Item downloaded from	https://hdl.handle.net/10468/5028



Supplemental Data

Supplementary Figure 1. Previously unpublished conserved uORF sequences in the mRNA of AdoMetDC genes from eukaryotes. The full species names are given on the left. The corresponding peptide sequence is shown in the middle in single letter code. The RNA sequence is on the right-hand side. The consensus sequence in each case is given below the alignment. Non-synonymous changes are highlighted in light blue, synonymous changes in the RNA sequences are highlighted in gray. Absolutely conserved residues are indicated by “*” below each alignment. The initiation codon is highlighted in green and the termination in red. A) The conserved uORF in the 5' leader of AdoMetDC in Pezizomycotina. B) The conserved uORF in the 5' leader of AdoMetDC in nematodes.

Supplementary Figure 1

A.

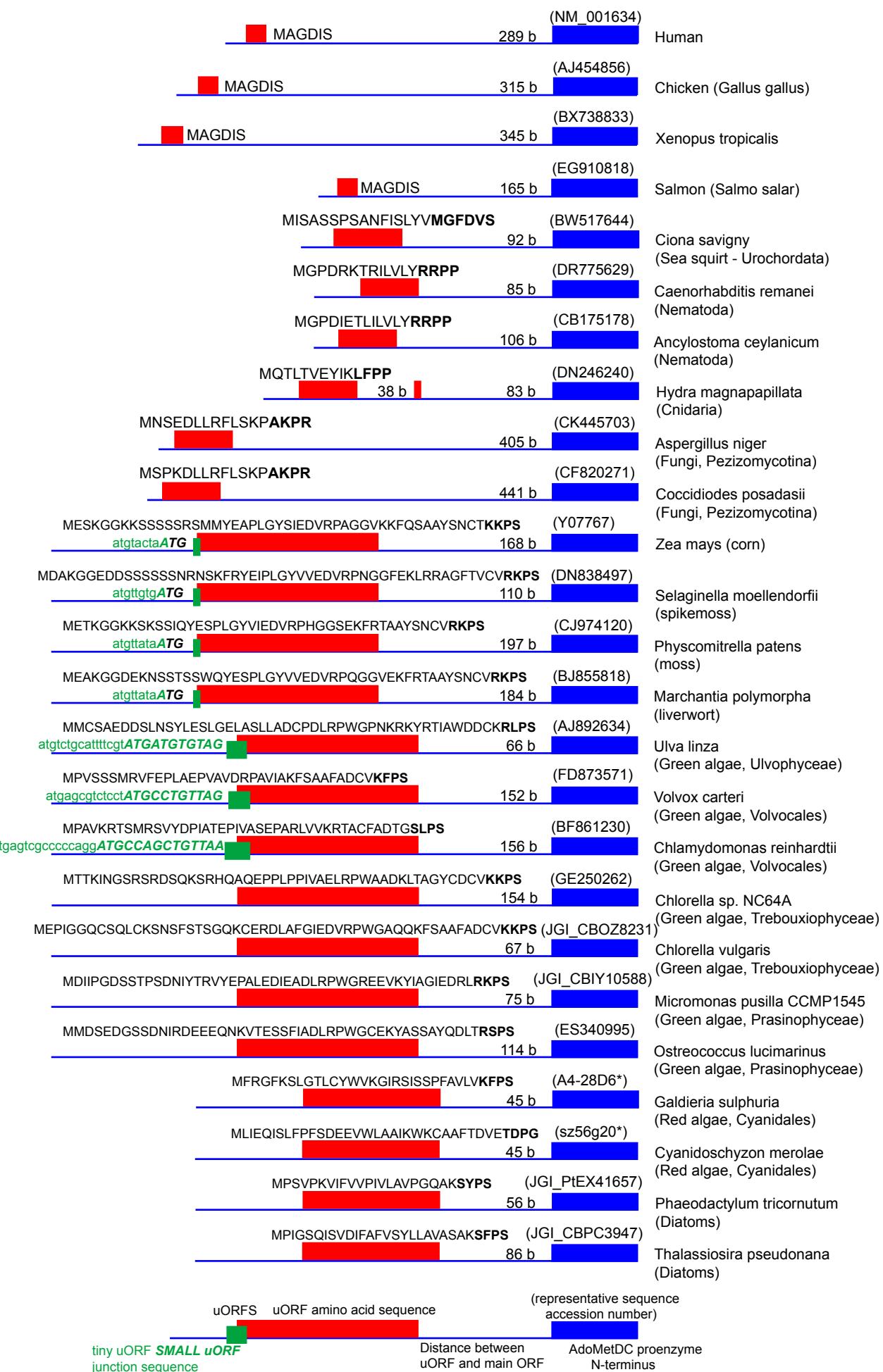
<i>Coccidioides posadasii</i>	MSRKDLLRFLSKPAKPR	CUUCUCAUGAGCCGAAGGACCUUCUACGAUUUCUAUCGAAGCCUGCAAACCCAGAUA
<i>Coccidioides immitis</i>	MSRKDLLRFLSKPAKPR	CUCUCCAUAGAGCCGAAGGACCUUCUACGAUUUCUAUCGAAGCCUGCAAACCCAGAUA
<i>Ajellomyces capsulatus</i>	MSRKDLLRFLSKPAKPR	CUCUCCAUAGAGCCGAAGGACCUUCUACGAUUUCUAUCGAAGCCCGCAAACCCAGAUA
<i>Paracoccidioides brasiliensis</i>	MSRKDLLRFLSKPAKPR	CUCUCCAUAGAGCCGAAGGACCUUCUACGAUUUCUAUCGAAGCCCGCAAACCCAGAUA
<i>Sclerotinia sclerotiorum</i>	MSRKDLLRFLSKPAKPR	UCUCCCACUGAGCAAAAGAUCAUACAGCUUCCUUUAAGCCAGCAAAAGCCAGAUA
<i>Uncinocarpus reesii</i>	MSRKDLLRFLSKPAKPR	CUCUCCAUAGAGCCCUUCGGAUUUCUCCGAAGCCCGCAAACCCAGAUA
<i>Botryotinia fuckeliana</i>	MSRKDLLRFLSKPAKPR	UUCUCUAUAGAGCAAAAGAUCAUACAGCUUCCUUUAACAGCAAAAGCCAGAUA
<i>Aspergillus nidulans</i>	MSRKDLLRFLSKPAKPR	CCUCCCAUGAGCAAGAGACCUUCUACGGAUUCCUUGCCAAGCCUGCAAGCCAGAUA
<i>Aspergillus fumigatus</i>	MSRKDLLRFLSKPAKPR	CCUCCCAUGAGCAAGAGACCUUCUACGGAUUCCUUGCCAAGCCUGCAAGCCAGAUA
<i>Aspergillus terreus</i>	MSRKDLLRFLSKPAKPR	CCUCCCAUGAGCAAGAGACCUUCUACGGAUUCCUUGCCAAGCCUGCAAGCCAGAUA
<i>Aspergillus flavus</i>	MSPKDLLRLSKPAKPR	CCUCCCAUGAGCAAGAGACCUUCUACGGAUUCCUUGCCAAGCCUGCAAGCCAGAUA
<i>Aspergillus oryzae</i>	MSPKDLLRLSKPAKPR	CCUCCCAUGAGCAAGAGACCUUCUACGGAUUCCUUGCCAAGCCUGCAAGCCAGAUA
<i>Aspergillus niger</i>	MSPKDLLRLSKPAKPR	CCUCCCAUGAGCAAGAGACCUUCUACGGAUUCCUUGCCAAGCCUGCAAGCCAGAUA
<i>Pyrenophora tritici</i>	MREDLVFLSKPAKPR	CCUCCCAUGAGCAAGAGACCUUCUACGGAUUCCUUGCCAAGCCUGCAAGCCAGAUA
<i>Neosartorya fischeri</i>	MNPKDLLRFLSKPAKPR	CCUCCCAUGAGCAAGAGACCUUCUACGGAUUCCUUGCCAAGCCUGCAAGCCAGAUA
<i>Neurospora crassa</i>	MSRKDLLRFLSKPAKPR	CCUCCCAUGAGCAAGAGACCUUCUACGGAUUCCUUGCCAAGCCUGCAAGCCAGAUA
<i>Penicillium marneffei</i>	MSPKDLLRFLSKPAKPR	CCUCCCAUGAGCAAGAGACCUUCUACGGAUUCCUUGCCAAGCCUGCAAGCCAGAUA
<i>Phaeosphaeria nodorum</i>	MREDLVFLSKPAKPR	CCUCCCAUGAGCAAGAGACCUUCUACGGAUUCCUUGCCAAGCCUGCAAGCCAGAUA
<i>Trichophyton rubrum</i>	MSRKDLLRFLSKPAKPR	CCUCCCAUGAGCAAGAGACCUUCUACGGAUUCCUUGCCAAGCCUGCAAGCCAGAUA
<i>Thermomyces lanuginosus</i>	MSPKDLLRFLSKPAKPR	CCUCCCAUGAGCAAGAGACCUUCUACGGAUUCCUUGCCAAGCCUGCAAGCCAGAUA
<i>Mycosphaerella graminicola</i>	MREDLVFLSKPAKPR	CCUCCCAUGAGCAAGAGACCUUCUACGGAUUCCUUGCCAAGCCUGCAAGCCAGAUA
<i>Mycosphaerella fijiensis</i>	MREDLVFLSKPAKPR	CCUCCCAUGAGCAAGAGACCUUCUACGGAUUCCUUGCCAAGCCUGCAAGCCAGAUA
<i>Cercospora zae-maydis</i>	MREDLVFLSKPAKPR	CCUCCCAUGAGCAAGAGACCUUCUACGGAUUCCUUGCCAAGCCUGCAAGCCAGAUA
<i>Cochliobolus heterostrophus</i>	MREDLVFLSKPAKPR	CCUCCCAUGAGCAAGAGACCUUCUACGGAUUCCUUGCCAAGCCUGCAAGCCAGAUA
<i>Chaetomium globosum</i>	MTAIDLLRFLSKPAKPR	CGGCCAUAGAGCAAGAGACCUUCUACGGAUUCCUUGCCAAGCCUGCAAGCCAGAUA
Consensus	MSPKDLLRFLSKPAKPR	AUGAGCCCGAAGGACCUUCUACGAUUCUGCUACGCCUGCAAAGCCUCGUAUA

B.

<i>Caenorhabditis remanei</i>	MGPDKRTRILVLYRRPP	AGGUGAUAGGGGUCCAGACCGUAAGACCGGAUCCUCGUCCUACCGUCGUCCUAG
<i>Caenorhabditis elegans</i>	MGPDKRTRILVLYRRPP	AGGUGAUAGGGGUCCGACCGUAAGACCCGCAUCCUUCGUCCUACCGUCGUCCUAG
<i>Caenorhabditis briggsae</i>	MGPDKRTRILVLYRRPP	CGGUGAUAGGGGUCCAGACCGUAAGACCGGAUUCUCGUCCUACCGUCGUCCUAG
<i>Caenorhabditis japonica</i>	MGPDKRTRILVLYRRPP	GAUUGAUAGGGGUCCGACCGUAAGACCCGCAUCCUUCGUCCUACCGUCGUCCUAG
<i>Caenorhabditis brenneri</i>	MGPERKTRILVLYRRPP	GAUUGAUAGGGGUCCAGAAAGAAAGACCCGCAUUCGUCCUACCGUCGUCCUAG
<i>Ancylostoma caninum</i>	MGPDIETLILVLYRRPP	GAUUGAUAGGGGUCCAGAAUUGAGACCCGCAUUCGUCCUACCGUCGUCCUAG
<i>Ancylostoma ceylanicum</i>	MGPDIETLILVLYRRPP	GAUUGAUAGGGGUCCAGAAUUGAGACCCGCAUUCGUCCUACCGUCGUCCUAG
<i>Teladorsagia circumincta</i>	MGPDIETLILVLYRRPP	GAUUGAUAGGGGUCCAGAAUUGAGACCCGCAUUCGUCCUACCGUCGUCCUAG
<i>Heterorhabditis bacteriophora</i>	MGPDTFALILVLYRRPP	GAUUGAUAGGGGUCCAGAAUUGAGACCCGCAUUCGUCCUACCGUCGUCCUAG
Consensus	MGPDKRTRILVLYRRPP	AUGGGGUCCAGACCGUAAGACCCGCAUCCUCGUCCUACCGUCGUCCUAG

Supplementary Figure 2. Schematic representation of the 5' leaders of AdoMetDC mRNAs with conserved uORFs. uORFs are shown as rectangular red boxes. Their amino acid sequences are indicated above each box. The “tiny” uORFs in plants are shown rectangular green boxes. Their nucleotide sequences are shown in front. The beginning of the main ORFs are shown as rectangular blue boxes. Species names are given on the right. “b” = bases

Supplementary Figure 2



Supplementary Figure 3. The nucleotide sequences of SpmSyn mRNAs surrounding the newly described uORFs in vertebrates. The full species names are given on the left. Absolutely conserved nucleotides are indicated by “*” below the alignment. The initiation codon of the uORF is highlighted in green and the termination codon in red. The initiation codon of the main ORF is highlighted in light blue.

Supplementary Figure 3

Papio anubis	CCC_CCAAGC	GGCAACAGGGCCUC	GCCUCACAUUUGCAGCAGC	ACCGCACAGCAAGGUCAGCUUCAUGCUGGCCAAAGCUGAUUGGAGACCAAUUUCAGGCCUCCCAAGUCCAUUUUCCAGGAGCAAGGAUJGG
Macaca fascicularis	CCC_CCAAGC	GGCAACAGGGCCUC	GCCUCACAUUUGCAGCAGC	ACCGCACAGCAAGGUCAGCUUCAUGCUGGCCAAAGCUGAUUGGAGACCAAUUUCAGGCCUCCCAAGUCCAUUUUCCAGGAGCAAGGAUJGG
Pan troglodytes	CCC_CCAAGC	GGCAACAGGGCCUC	GCCUCACAUUUGCAGCAGC	ACCGCACAGCAAGGUCAGCUUCAUGCUGGCCAAAGCUGAUUGGAGACCAAUUUCAGGCCUCCCAAGUCCAUUUUCCAGGAGCAAGGAUJGG
Homo sapiens	CCC_CCAAGC	GGCAACAGGGCCUC	GCCUCACAUUUGCAGCAGC	ACCGCACAGCAAGGUCAGCUUCAUGCUGGCCAAAGCUGAUUGGAGACCAAUUUCAGGCCUCCCAAGUCCAUUUUCCAGGAGCAAGGAUJGG
Sus scrofa	CCC_CCAAGC	GGCAACAGGGCCUC	GCCUCACAUUUGCAGCAGC	ACCGCACAGCAAGGUCAGCUUCAUGCUGGCCAAAGCUGAUUGGAGACCAAUUUCAGGCCUCCCAAGUCCAUUUUCCAGGAGCAAGGAUJGG
Capra hircus	CCC_CCAAGC	GGCAACAGGGCCUC	GCCUCACAUUUGCAGCAGC	ACCGCACAGCAAGGUCAGCUUCAUGCUGGCCAAAGCUGAUUGGAGACCAAUUUCAGGCCUCCCAAGUCCAUUUUCCAGGAGCAAGGAUJGG
Canis familiaris	CCC_CCAAGC	GGCAACAGGGCCUC	GCCUCACAUUUGCAGCAGC	ACCGCACAGCAAGGUCAGCUUCAUGCUGGCCAAAGCUGAUUGGAGACCAAUUUCAGGCCUCCCAAGUCCAUUUUCCAGGAGCAAGGAUJGG
Ovis aries	CCC_CCAAGC	GGCAACAGGGCCUC	GCCUCACAUUUGCAGCAGC	ACCGCACAGCAAGGUCAGCUUCAUGCUGGCCAAAGCUGAUUGGAGACCAAUUUCAGGCCUCCCAAGUCCAUUUUCCAGGAGCAAGGAUJGG
Bos Taurus	CCC_CCAAGC	GGCAACAGGGCCUC	GCCUCACAUUUGCAGCAGC	ACCGCACAGCAAGGUCAGCUUCAUGCUGGCCAAAGCUGAUUGGAGACCAAUUUCAGGCCUCCCAAGUCCAUUUUCCAGGAGCAAGGAUJGG
Mus musculus	CCC_CCAAGC	GGCAACAGGGCCUC	GCCUCACAUUUGCAGCAGC	ACCGCACAGCAAGGUCAGCUUCAUGCUGGCCAAAGCUGAUUGGAGACCAAUUUCAGGCCUCCCAAGUCCAUUUUCCAGGAGCAAGGAUJGG
Rattus norvegicus	CCC_CCAAGC	GGCAACAGGGCCUC	GCCUCACAUUUGCAGCAGC	ACCGCACAGCAAGGUCAGCUUCAUGCUGGCCAAAGCUGAUUGGAGACCAAUUUCAGGCCUCCCAAGUCCAUUUUCCAGGAGCAAGGAUJGG
Peromyscus polionotus	CCC_CCAAGC	GGCAACAGGGCCUC	GCCUCACAUUUGCAGCAGC	ACCGCACAGCAAGGUCAGCUUCAUGCUGGCCAAAGCUGAUUGGAGACCAAUUUCAGGCCUCCCAAGUCCAUUUUCCAGGAGCAAGGAUJGG
Galago senegalensis	CCC_CCAAGC	GGCAACAGGGCCUC	GCCUCACAUUUGCAGCAGC	ACCGCACAGCAAGGUCAGCUUCAUGCUGGCCAAAGCUGAUUGGAGACCAAUUUCAGGCCUCCCAAGUCCAUUUUCCAGGAGCAAGGAUJGG
Anas platyrhynchos	CCC_CCAAGC	GGCAACAGGGCCUC	GCCUCACAUUUGCAGCAGC	ACCGCACAGCAAGGUCAGCUUCAUGCUGGCCAAAGCUGAUUGGAGACCAAUUUCAGGCCUCCCAAGUCCAUUUUCCAGGAGCAAGGAUJGG
Tadpoletomyia guttata	CCC_CCAAGC	GGCAACAGGGCCUC	GCCUCACAUUUGCAGCAGC	ACCGCACAGCAAGGUCAGCUUCAUGCUGGCCAAAGCUGAUUGGAGACCAAUUUCAGGCCUCCCAAGUCCAUUUUCCAGGAGCAAGGAUJGG
Agirostethon piscivorus	CCC_CCAAGC	GGCAACAGGGCCUC	GCCUCACAUUUGCAGCAGC	ACCGCACAGCAAGGUCAGCUUCAUGCUGGCCAAAGCUGAUUGGAGACCAAUUUCAGGCCUCCCAAGUCCAUUUUCCAGGAGCAAGGAUJGG
Xenopus laevis	CCC_CCAAGC	GGCAACAGGGCCUC	GCCUCACAUUUGCAGCAGC	ACCGCACAGCAAGGUCAGCUUCAUGCUGGCCAAAGCUGAUUGGAGACCAAUUUCAGGCCUCCCAAGUCCAUUUUCCAGGAGCAAGGAUJGG
Xenopus tropicalis	CCC_CCAAGC	GGCAACAGGGCCUC	GCCUCACAUUUGCAGCAGC	ACCGCACAGCAAGGUCAGCUUCAUGCUGGCCAAAGCUGAUUGGAGACCAAUUUCAGGCCUCCCAAGUCCAUUUUCCAGGAGCAAGGAUJGG
Trichosurus vulpecula	CCC_CCAAGC	GGCAACAGGGCCUC	GCCUCACAUUUGCAGCAGC	ACCGCACAGCAAGGUCAGCUUCAUGCUGGCCAAAGCUGAUUGGAGACCAAUUUCAGGCCUCCCAAGUCCAUUUUCCAGGAGCAAGGAUJGG
Gasterosteus aculeatus	CCC_CCAAGC	GGCAACAGGGCCUC	GCCUCACAUUUGCAGCAGC	ACCGCACAGCAAGGUCAGCUUCAUGCUGGCCAAAGCUGAUUGGAGACCAAUUUCAGGCCUCCCAAGUCCAUUUUCCAGGAGCAAGGAUJGG
Hippoglossus hippoglossus	CCC_CCAAGC	GGCAACAGGGCCUC	GCCUCACAUUUGCAGCAGC	ACCGCACAGCAAGGUCAGCUUCAUGCUGGCCAAAGCUGAUUGGAGACCAAUUUCAGGCCUCCCAAGUCCAUUUUCCAGGAGCAAGGAUJGG
Thunnus thynnus	CCC_CCAAGC	GGCAACAGGGCCUC	GCCUCACAUUUGCAGCAGC	ACCGCACAGCAAGGUCAGCUUCAUGCUGGCCAAAGCUGAUUGGAGACCAAUUUCAGGCCUCCCAAGUCCAUUUUCCAGGAGCAAGGAUJGG
Oryzias latipes	CCC_CCAAGC	GGCAACAGGGCCUC	GCCUCACAUUUGCAGCAGC	ACCGCACAGCAAGGUCAGCUUCAUGCUGGCCAAAGCUGAUUGGAGACCAAUUUCAGGCCUCCCAAGUCCAUUUUCCAGGAGCAAGGAUJGG
Tetraodon fluviatilis	CCC_CCAAGC	GGCAACAGGGCCUC	GCCUCACAUUUGCAGCAGC	ACCGCACAGCAAGGUCAGCUUCAUGCUGGCCAAAGCUGAUUGGAGACCAAUUUCAGGCCUCCCAAGUCCAUUUUCCAGGAGCAAGGAUJGG
Danio rerio	CCC_CCAAGC	GGCAACAGGGCCUC	GCCUCACAUUUGCAGCAGC	ACCGCACAGCAAGGUCAGCUUCAUGCUGGCCAAAGCUGAUUGGAGACCAAUUUCAGGCCUCCCAAGUCCAUUUUCCAGGAGCAAGGAUJGG
Pimephales promelas	CCC_CCAAGC	GGCAACAGGGCCUC	GCCUCACAUUUGCAGCAGC	ACCGCACAGCAAGGUCAGCUUCAUGCUGGCCAAAGCUGAUUGGAGACCAAUUUCAGGCCUCCCAAGUCCAUUUUCCAGGAGCAAGGAUJGG
Ictalurus furcatus	CCC_CCAAGC	GGCAACAGGGCCUC	GCCUCACAUUUGCAGCAGC	ACCGCACAGCAAGGUCAGCUUCAUGCUGGCCAAAGCUGAUUGGAGACCAAUUUCAGGCCUCCCAAGUCCAUUUUCCAGGAGCAAGGAUJGG
Ictalurus punctatus	CCC_CCAAGC	GGCAACAGGGCCUC	GCCUCACAUUUGCAGCAGC	ACCGCACAGCAAGGUCAGCUUCAUGCUGGCCAAAGCUGAUUGGAGACCAAUUUCAGGCCUCCCAAGUCCAUUUUCCAGGAGCAAGGAUJGG
Salmo salar	CCC_CCAAGC	GGCAACAGGGCCUC	GCCUCACAUUUGCAGCAGC	ACCGCACAGCAAGGUCAGCUUCAUGCUGGCCAAAGCUGAUUGGAGACCAAUUUCAGGCCUCCCAAGUCCAUUUUCCAGGAGCAAGGAUJGG
Oncorhynchus mykiss	CCC_CCAAGC	GGCAACAGGGCCUC	GCCUCACAUUUGCAGCAGC	ACCGCACAGCAAGGUCAGCUUCAUGCUGGCCAAAGCUGAUUGGAGACCAAUUUCAGGCCUCCCAAGUCCAUUUUCCAGGAGCAAGGAUJGG
Osmerus mordax	CCC_CCAAGC	GGCAACAGGGCCUC	GCCUCACAUUUGCAGCAGC	ACCGCACAGCAAGGUCAGCUUCAUGCUGGCCAAAGCUGAUUGGAGACCAAUUUCAGGCCUCCCAAGUCCAUUUUCCAGGAGCAAGGAUJGG

uORF				
main ORF				

Supplementary Figure 4. Schematic representation of the newly described uORFs in vertebrate SSAT mRNAs. The discrete “uORF1” is shown as rectangular red box. The overlapping “uORF2” shown as rectangular yellow box. The main ORF is shown as rectangular blue box. “b” = bases; “a.a” = “amino acids”

Supplementary Figure 4

