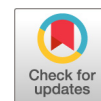


Title	Draft genome sequences of the type strains of six <i>Macroccoccus</i> species
Authors	Mazhar, Shahneela;Altermann, Eric;Hill, Colin;McAuliffe, Olivia
Publication date	2019-05-09
Original Citation	Mazhar, S., Altermann, E., Hill, C. and McAuliffe, O., 2019. Draft Genome Sequences of the Type Strains of Six <i>Macroccoccus</i> Species. <i>Microbiol Resour Announc</i> , 8(19), (e00344-19). DOI:10.1128/MRA.00344-19
Type of publication	Article (peer-reviewed)
Link to publisher's version	https://mra.asm.org/content/8/19/e00344-19 - 10.1128/MRA.00344-19
Rights	© 2019 Mazhar et al - https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/
Download date	2026-08-29 17:06:00
Item downloaded from	https://hdl.handle.net/10468/9144



Draft Genome Sequences of the Type Strains of Six *Macrococcus* Species

Shahneela Mazhar,^{a,b} Eric Altermann,^{c,e} Colin Hill,^{b,d} Olivia McAuliffe^a

^aTeagasc Food Research Centre, Moorepark, Fermoy, Cork, Ireland

^bSchool of Microbiology, University College Cork, Cork, Ireland

^cAgResearch, Animal Science Group, Palmerston North, New Zealand

^dAPC Microbiome Institute, Cork, Ireland

^eRiddet Institute, Massey University, Palmerston North, New Zealand

ABSTRACT We report here the draft genome sequences of *Macrococcus bovicus* ATCC 51825^T, *Macrococcus carouzelicus* ATCC 51828^T, *Macrococcus equiperdicus* ATCC 51831^T, *Macrococcus brunensis* CCM4811^T, *Macrococcus hajekii* CCM4809^T, and *Macrococcus lamae* CCM4815^T. The availability of the genome sequences of these species will enable cross-species comparison, which could lead to a more comprehensive understanding of organisms of the *Macrococcus* genus.

The Gram-positive genus *Macrococcus* contains a total of 11 species, *Macrococcus bovicus*, *Macrococcus carouzelicus*, *Macrococcus equiperdicus*, *Macrococcus brunensis*, *Macrococcus hajekii*, *Macrococcus lamae*, *Macrococcus goetzii*, *Macrococcus epidermidis*, *Macrococcus bohemicus*, *Macrococcus caseolyticus*, and *Macrococcus canis* (1, 2). These species are disseminated in nature as animal commensals and are indicated to be the immediate antecedent of the *Staphylococcus* species (3). While staphylococci are widespread human pathogens, macrococci are defined to be avirulent (4). However, recent publications have indicated the possible pathogenic potential of *Macrococcus* strains isolated from human clinical samples. The draft genome sequences reported here are of the type strains of six *Macrococcus* species that were isolated from artiodactyl and perissodactyl hosts (5, 6).

Genomic DNA was isolated from overnight cultures grown at 37°C in tryptic soy broth (TSB; Becton, Dickinson and Company, Berkshire, England) using the UltraClean microbial DNA isolation kit (Mo Bio Laboratories, Cambridge, United Kingdom) per the included protocol. Genomic libraries were prepared with the Nextera XT DNA library preparation kit (Illumina, Inc., San Diego, CA, USA). The 2 × 250-bp paired-end read sequencing was performed on an Illumina HiSeq 2500 platform (MicrobesNG, University of Birmingham, UK). Reads were adapter trimmed using Trimmomatic 0.30 with a sliding window quality cutoff of Q15 (7). *De novo* assembly was performed on each sample using SPAdes version 3.7 using the program's default parameters (8). The genome sequences were annotated with the NCBI Prokaryotic Genome Annotation Pipeline (PGAP) (9). *In silico* analysis of acquired antimicrobial resistance genes and virulence genes was conducted using ResFinder version 3.4, VirulenceFinder version 2.0, PathogenFinder version 1.1, and the Virulence Factor Database (VFDB) (10, 11). CheckM was used to calculate the completeness (all illustrated 99.6% completeness) and purity (range, 1.1 to 2.04% impurity) of the reads (12).

In all sequenced genomes, capsule (*cap*)-associated genes that are involved in phagocytosis evasion were identified. These genes involved in capsule biosynthesis illustrated DNA sequence identities in the range of 70 to 92% to those present in pathogenic strains of *Staphylococcus aureus*. Other putative virulence factors found

Citation Mazhar S, Altermann E, Hill C, McAuliffe O. 2019. Draft genome sequences of the type strains of six *Macrococcus* species. Microbiol Resour Announc 8:e00344-19. <https://doi.org/10.1128/MRA.00344-19>.

Editor Christina Cuomo, Broad Institute of MIT and Harvard University

Copyright © 2019 Mazhar et al. This is an open-access article distributed under the terms of the [Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International license](#).

Address correspondence to Olivia McAuliffe, Olivia.McAuliffe@teagasc.ie.

Received 27 March 2019

Accepted 10 April 2019

Published 9 May 2019

TABLE 1 Genome characteristics of the six type strains of the *Macrococcus* genus

Strain	GenBank accession no.	SRA accession no.	Draft genome size (bp)	G+C content (%)	No. of contigs	Coverage (×)	N_{50} (bp)	No. of CDS ^a
<i>M. bovicus</i> ATCC 51825 ^T	SCWF000000000	SRR8448136	2,087,234	44.25	46	217	146,194	2,191
<i>M. hajekii</i> CCM4809 ^T	SCWE000000000	SRR8448137	2,052,566	40.05	61	88	1,051,403	2,195
<i>M. carouselicus</i> ATCC 51828 ^T	SCWD000000000	SRR8448134	2,069,165	43.83	34	83	1,168,712	2,153
<i>M. equipercicus</i> ATCC 51831 ^T	SCWC000000000	SRR8448135	2,154,579	43.58	205	131	1,168,712	2,326
<i>M. lamae</i> CCM4815 ^T	SCWB000000000	SRR8448132	2,031,524	40.28	73	156	102,971	2,095
<i>M. brunensis</i> CCM4811 ^T	SCWA000000000	SRR8448133	2,089,391	41.59	83	122	99,997	2,184

^a CDS, coding sequences.

were hemolysin III (*hly-III*), aureolysin (*aur*), and fibronectin-binding protein A (*fbpA*), among others. The sequencing and assembly statistics of the draft genome sequences are shown in Table 1. The genome sequences of these species could facilitate a better understanding of the biology of these organisms and a comprehensive understanding of the genus *Macrococcus*, which in turn could contribute to a greater understanding of antibiotic resistance acquisition and the pathogenic potential of the genus *Staphylococcus*.

Data availability. Genome sequence data of the six *Macrococcus* species were deposited into NCBI GenBank and the Sequence Read Archive (SRA) under BioProject number [PRJNA515496](https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/bioproject/PRJNA515496). The accession numbers are listed in Table 1.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

This research was funded by Teagasc (reference 6697) and the Teagasc Walsh Fellowship Programme (reference 2015055).

REFERENCES

- Brawand SG, Rychener L, Schwendener S, Pantůček R, Perreten V. 2018. Complete genome sequence of the type strain of *Macrococcus canis*. *Genome Announc* 6:e01507-17. <https://doi.org/10.1128/genomeA.01507-17>.
- Mašláňová I, Wertheimer Z, Sedláček I, Švec P, Indráková A, Kovařovic V, Schumann P, Spröer C, Králová S, Šedo O, Křištofová L, Vrbová V, Fůzik T, Petráš P, Zdráhal Z, Ružičková V, Doškař J, Pantůček R. 2018. Description and comparative genomics of *Macrococcus caseolyticus* subsp. *hominis* subsp. nov., *Macrococcus goetzii* sp. nov., *Macrococcus epidermidis* sp. nov., and *Macrococcus bohemicus* sp. nov., novel macrococci from human clinical material with virulence potential and suspected uptake of foreign DNA by natural transformation. *Front Microbiol* 9:1178. <https://doi.org/10.3389/fmicb.2018.01178>.
- Hiramatsu K, Katayama Y, Matsuo M, Sasaki T, Morimoto Y, Sekiguchi A, Baba T. 2014. Multi-drug-resistant *Staphylococcus aureus* and future chemotherapy. *J Infect Chemother* 20:593–601. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jiac.2014.08.001>.
- Baba T, Kuwahara-Arai K, Uchiyama I, Takeuchi F, Ito T, Hiramatsu K. 2009. Complete genome sequence of *Macrococcus caseolyticus* strain JSC55402, reflecting the ancestral genome of the human-pathogenic staphylococci. *J Bacteriol* 191:1180–1190. <https://doi.org/10.1128/JB.01058-08>.
- Mannerová S, Pantůček R, Doskar J, Švec P, Snauwaert C, Vancanneyt M, Swings J, Sedláček I. 2003. *Macrococcus brunensis* sp. nov., *Macrococcus hajekii* sp. nov. and *Macrococcus lamae* sp. nov., from the skin of llamas. *Int J Syst Evol Microbiol* 53:1647–1654. <https://doi.org/10.1099/ijs.0.02683-0>.
- Kloos WE, Ballard DN, George CG, Webster JA, Hubner RJ, Ludwig W, Schleifer KH, Fiedler F, Schubert K. 1998. Delimiting the genus *Staphylococcus* through description of *Macrococcus caseolyticus* gen. nov., comb. nov. and *Macrococcus equipercicus* sp. nov., and *Macrococcus bovicus* sp. nov. and *Macrococcus carouselicus* sp. nov. *Int J Syst Bacteriol* 48:859–877. <https://doi.org/10.1099/00207713-48-3-859>.
- Bolger AM, Lohse M, Usadel B. 2014. Trimmomatic: a flexible trimmer for Illumina sequence data. *Bioinformatics* 30:2114–2120. <https://doi.org/10.1093/bioinformatics/btu170>.
- Bankevich A, Nurk S, Antipov D, Gurevich AA, Dvorkin M, Kulikov AS, Lesin VM, Nikolenko SI, Pham S, Pribelski AD, Pyshkin AV, Sirotkin AV, Vyahhi N, Tesler G, Alekseyev MA, Pevzner PA. 2012. SPAdes: a new genome assembly algorithm and its applications to single-cell sequencing. *J Comput Biol* 19:455–477. <https://doi.org/10.1089/cmb.2012.0021>.
- Haft DH, DiCuccio M, Badretdin A, Brover V, Chetvernin V, O'Neill K, Li W, Chitsaz F, Derbyshire MK, Gonzales NR, Gwadz M, Lu F, Marchler GH, Song JS, Thanki N, Yamashita RA, Zheng C, Thibaud-Nissen F, Geer LY, Marchler-Bauer A, Pruitt KD. 2018. RefSeq: an update on prokaryotic genome annotation and curation. *Nucleic Acids Res* 46:D851–D860. <https://doi.org/10.1093/nar/gkx1068>.
- Chen L, Yang J, Yu J, Yao Z, Sun L, Shen Y, Jin Q. 2004. VFDB: a reference database for bacterial virulence factors. *Nucleic Acids Res* 33:D325–D328. <https://doi.org/10.1093/nar/gki008>.
- Lindsey RL, Pouseele H, Chen JC, Strockbine NA, Carleton HA. 2016. Implementation of whole genome sequencing (WGS) for identification and characterization of Shiga toxin-producing *Escherichia coli* (STEC) in the United States. *Front Microbiol* 7:766. <https://doi.org/10.3389/fmicb.2016.00766>.
- Parks DH, Imelfort M, Skennerton CT, Hugenholtz P, Tyson GW. 2015. CheckM: assessing the quality of microbial genomes recovered from isolates, single cells, and metagenomes. *Genome Res* 25:1043–1055. <https://doi.org/10.1101/gr.186072.114>.